FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

Fire extinguishers are required on work sites per NFPA 241 and NFPA 10. Check with the base Fire Inspector for proper type, size, and number needed.

Hot Work / Hazard PERMITS

The fire code regulating hot work is NFPA 51B base specific hot work regulations are in COMNAVREGNWINST 11320.2A Chapter 7 or contact the base fire inspector. All work involving equipment capable of emitting heat, sparks, or open flames requires a hot work permit issued by the Fire Prevention Office. These permits can be arranged through the base Fire Inspector. Each permit site may receive a random inspection by the Fire Inspector. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that the work site is properly prepared and to provide a suitable fire extinguisher for the type of work. The Fire Extinguisher shall be serviced and up to date. A dedicated trained fire watch is required for hot work, and must be provided by the permit requester. ***No hot work shall begin until the Fire Inspector or Fire Department designee issues a Hot Work / Hazard permit.***

A 24-hour notice for requesting for a hot work permit will help with scheduling and a timely response.

Open burning of slash or other material is prohibited.

For a fire watch training class please contact the base Fire Inspector to make arrangements.

HOT TAR APPLICATION

Tar kettle operation requirement are fond in NFPA 1 current addition. Before operation begins, you must obtain a hot work permit from the Fire Prevention Office. Tar kettles shall not be operated inside, on roofs, or within 10 feet of any building or exit door. They shall be continuously attended by a knowledgeable operator who shall stay in sight and within 25 feet of the kettle. A minimum of two approved 4A:40-BC Fire extinguishers shall be within 25 ft of the operating kettle and one 4A:40-BC fire extinguisher on the roof. All components on the kettle (i.e., gauges, thermostats, igniter, and lids) shall be in good working order. Tar kettles shall not be moved while they are being heated (flame on). Materials being heated shall not be heated above their flash points. ***All safety equipment shall be in good working order at all times.***

ELECTRICAL

Extension cords and appliance cords shall be UL listed and kept in good working order at all times. If an appliance cord comes with a ground plug on it, it shall stay in good working order. Frayed or damaged cords shall be repaired by a qualified person or removed from the site. GFI protection shall be used on site to help eliminate electrical shock hazards.

FUEL CANS AND FUELING OPERATIONS

All fueling operations shall meet the NFPA 30 Flammable and Combustible Code. The only authorized portable fuel can defined in NFPA 30 is a "safety can." A "safety can" is an approved container of not more than 5 gallons (18.9 L) capacity, having a spring-closing lid and spout cover, and so designed that it will safely relieve internal pressure when subjected to fire exposure. Plastic containers shall not be brought onto the bases for use with flammable liquids fuels.

FIRE DANGER SIGNS

CNRNW Adheres to the County and State DNR fire danger restrictions for the bases in the corresponding areas. Fire danger signs are permanently located at some bases in the region at the entrance gates and area which are subject to routine vehicle traffic. Any questions please contact the fire inspector for that base.

Fire danger signs identify the level of potential fire hazard for all wooded or grass areas. Fire danger restrictions apply to all personnel working, living on, or visiting area bases.

Fire danger levels restrictions are:

- ***Low*** (green) — Observe normal fire prevention precautions.
- ***High*** (yellow) — Smoking is permitted within designated smoking areas. No open fires. No woodcutting. The Fire Prevention Office shall approve Cutting/welding operations indoors on a case-by-case basis.
- ***Extreme*** (red) — Smoking is permitted within designated smoking areas. No smoking in vehicles. No open fires. No woodcutting. The Fire Prevention Office must approve Cutting/welding operations in wood or grassy areas on a case-by-case emergency basis.

Thanks for your cooperation

CNRNWF&ES FIRE PREVENTION PRACTICES

Commander Navy Region Northwest Fire & Emergency Services *has an established fire prevention program, which is governed by the Department of the Navy and the National Fire Protection Association. These regulations are enforced by the Fire Prevention Office of the CNRNWF&ES, under the authority granted by the Commanding Officer of NAVY Region Northwest. Your observance of these fire prevention practices will greatly enhance the efficiency of your work performance, reduce delays, and provide a safer work environment. Your cooperation is very much appreciated.*

The information listed below is taken from **COMNAVREGNWINST 11320.2A**, ***NFPA, and UFC.*** *If you have any questions, please contact the Fire Prevention Office at the base you are working on.*

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

BASE **CELL**

NBK-Bremerton	**911**	**476-3333**
NBK-Bangor	**911**	**396-4444**
Keyport	**911**	**396-2222**
Whidbey	**911**	**257-3333**
Everett	**911**	**304-3333**

Fire Prevention Offices phone numbers

NBK-Bremerton	476-3124	476-5224
NBK-Bangor	396-0139	396-0140
Keyport	396-1601	
Whidbey	257-6109	2571496
Everett	304-3086	